# Yamim Noraim Series for 5784- Part 1 Esther Wein 20 Elul 5783 6 September 2023

#### Dedications

Laurie Barbanel: in memory of her sister Miriam Chana bas Moshe Yaakov on her 28th yartzeit. She was only 26 when she passed away

Varda Gewirtz for her father Dovid ben Elimelech, whose Yahrzeit is today,

Michal Balsam, L'Iluy Nishmat Her husband, Daniel Yitzchak ben Harav Yosef, whose shloshim is Sunday night

Chana Gold, In honor of Rosh hashana a sweet healthy new year for all

# Confusing the Satan : Kol Shaofar

## A. The Mitzvot of 1 Tishrei

#### 1. Vayikra 23:24- The holiday of "Zichron Teruah"

דַּבֵּר אָל־בְּנֵי יִשְׂרָאֵל לֵאמְר בַּחֹדֶשׁ הַשְׁבִיעִׁי בְּאֶחָד לַחֹדֶשׁ יִהְיֶה לָכָם שַׁבָּתוֹן זִכְרָוֹן תְּרוּאָה מִקְרָא־קְדָשׁ: Speak to the Israelite people thus: In the seventh month, on the first day of the month, you shall observe complete rest, a sacred occasion, a memory of the Teruah

Rashi- say zichronot in musaf-Remember on shabbat

## 2. Rosh Hashana 34b : Malchiyot & Zichronot via the Shofar

תָּנוּ רַבָּנַן: תִּקִיעוֹת — אֵין מְעַכְּבוֹת זוֹ אֶת זוֹ. בְּרָכוֹת — אֵין מְעַכְּבוֹת זוֹ אֶת זוֹ. תִּקִיעוֹת וּבְרָכוֹת שֶׁל רֹאשׁ הַשֶּׁנָה וְשֶׁל יוֹם הַכָּפּוּרִים — מְעַכְּבוֹת.

The Sages taught in a *baraita*: The various trumpet blasts on a fast day do not invalidate one another, i.e., if one was omitted, this does not invalidate the other blasts. Similarly, the additional blessings that are inserted into the *Amida* prayer on a fast day do not invalidate one another. However, the *shofar* blasts and additional blessings of Rosh HaShana and of Yom Kippur do invalidate one another.

ַמַאי טַעְמָא? אָמַר רַבָּה**: אָמַר הַקֶּדוֹש בּרוּךְ הוּא, אִמְרוּ לְפְנֵי בְּרֹאשׁ הַשְׁנָה מַלְכִיּוֹת זְכָרוֹנוֹת וְשׁוֹפָרוֹת, מַלְכִיּוֹת —** כְּדֵי שֶׁתַּמְלִיכוּנִי עֲלֵיכֶם, זְכְרוֹנוֹת — כְּדֵי שֶׁיָּבֹא לְפְנֵי זְכָרוֹנֵיכֶם לְטוֹבָה, וּבַמֶּה — בְּשׁוֹפָר. The Gemara asks: What is the reason that all the blasts and blessings are indispensable on Rosh HaShana? Rabba said that the Holy One, Blessed be He, said: Recite before Me on Rosh HaShana Kingship, Remembrances, and *Shofarot*. Kingship, so that you will crown Me as King over you; Remembrances, so that your remembrance will rise before Me for good. And with what? With the *shofar*. Since these blessings constitute a single unit, one who did not recite them all has not fulfilled his obligation.

• Order of the Musaf

## 3. Tehillim 81:4-

ִתְּקְעָוּ בַחֵׂדָשׁ שׁוֹפֶר- בַּכֵּׁסֶה לְיָוֹם חַגָּנוּ:

Blow the horn on the new moon, When "it"/ the moon is covered- for our holiday

## B. Confusing the satan

1. Rosh Chodesh Tishrei falls on Rosh Hashanah, which is the day when Hashem judges Klal Yisrael. It is against our interest that Satan know when Rosh Hashana occurs, and by not publicly blessing Rosh Chodesh Tishrei, we hope to keep it secret so that Satan will not know when to come before the Heavenly tribunal to speak evil against the Jews. For this reason, Rosh Hashanah is referred to as the "hidden" festival, as the pasuk states: "Tiku bachodesh shofar — Blow the shofar on the new moon — bakeseh leyom chageinu — on the covered up ['bakeseh' — related to 'kisui,' 'covering'] i.e. hidden day — which was appointed for our festival"

# 2. Rosh Hashana 16b

וְאָמַר רַבִּי יִצְחָק: לָמָה תּוֹקְעִין בְּרֹאשׁ הַשָּׁנָה? לָמָה תּוֹקְעִין?! רַחֲמָנָא אָמַר תִּקְעוּ! אֶיָּא: לָמָה מְרִיעִין? מְרִיעִין?! רַחֲמָנָא אַמַר ״זִרְרוֹן תְּרוּעָה״! אֶלָא: לָמָה תּוֹקְעִין וּמְרִיעִין כְּשֶׁהֵן יוֹשְׁבִין,

Rabbi Yitzhak said: Why does one sound [tokin] a blast on Rosh HaShana? The Gemara is astonished by the question: Why do we sound a blast? The Merciful One states in the verse: "Sound [tiku] a shofar" (Psalms 81:4). Rather, the question is: Why does one sound a staccato series of shofar blasts [terua] in addition to a long continuous shofar blast [tekia]? The Gemara is still surprised by the question: Sound a terua? The Merciful One states: "In the seventh month, in the first day of the month, shall be a solemn rest unto you, a memorial proclaimed with the blast of horns [*terua*]" (Leviticus 23:24). Rather, Rabbi Yitzhak asked about the common practice in Jewish communities, which is not explicitly stated in the Torah: Why does one sound a long, continuous *shofar* blast [*tekia*] and then a staccato series of *shofar* blasts [*terua*] while the congregation is still sitting before the silent prayer,

#### ַוְתוֹקְעִין וּמְרִיעִין כְּשֶׁהֵן עוֹמְדִין — כְּדֵי לְעַרְבֵּב הַשָּׂטָן.

and then sound again a *tekia* and a *terua* while they are standing in the *Amida* prayer? He answers: **In order to confuse the Satan,** for this double blowing of the *shofar* demonstrates Israel's love for the mitzva, and this will confuse Satan when he brings his accusations against Israel before the heavenly court, and the Jewish people will receive a favorable judgment.

וְאָמַר רַבִּי יִצְחָק: כּל שָׁנָה שֶׁאֵין תּוֹקְעִין לָהּ בִּתְחָלָתָהּ — מְרִיעִין לָהּ בְּסוֹפָהּ. מַאי טַעְמָא — דְּלָא אִיעַרְבַּב שָׂטָן. And Rabbi Yitzḥak said, playing on the double meaning of the word *meri'in*, which can mean either sound a *teruah* or cause misfortune: Any year during which, due to some mishap, the *shofar* was not sounded at its beginning will suffer evil and misfortune at its end. What is the reason? **Because Satan was not confused**,( and he was able to put forward his accusations),

## 3. Rashi

כדי לערבב - שלא ישטין כשישמע ישראל מחבבין את המצות מסתתמין דבריו: We confuse the satan so he will not be able to accuse because he hears how much Yisrael loves the mitzvot

# C. When the Satan confused us

## 1. Shabbat 89a- Moshe

אַמַר רַבִּי יְהוֹשָׁעַ בֵּן לֵוִי: מַאי דְּכָתִיב: ״וַיָּרָא הָעָם כִּי בֹשָׁשׁ מֹשָה״ — אַל תִּקְרֵי ״בּוֹשָׁש״, אָלָא ״בָּאוּ שֵׁשׁ״. בִּשָּׁעַ ה משה למרום אמר להן לישראל: לסוף ארבעים יום בתחלת שש אני בא. לסוף ארבעים יום בא שטן ועירבב את הַעוֹלַם. אַמַר לַהֵן: מֹשֶׁה רַבְּכֶם הֵיכָן הוּא? אַמְרוּ לוֹ: עַלַה לַמַּרוֹם. אַמַר לַהֵן: בָּאוּ שֶׁשׁ, וִלֹא הִשְׁגִיחוּ עַלֵיו. מֵת, וִלֹא ַהְשָׁגִיחוּ עַלַיוּ. **הַרִאָה לָהָן דְמוּת מִטְתוֹ,** וְהַיִינוּ דְקַאַמְרִי לֵיהּ לָאַהְרן: ״**כִּי זֶה מֹשֶׁה הַאִישׁ וְגוֹ״י.** And Rabbi Yehoshua ben Levi said: What is the meaning of that which is written: "And the people saw that Moses delayed [boshesh] to come down from the mount" (Exodus 32:1)? Do not read the word in the verse as *boshesh*; rather, read it as *ba'u* shesh, six hours have arrived. When Moses ascended on High, he told the Jewish people: In forty days, at the beginning of six hours, I will come. After forty days, Satan came and brought confusion to the world by means of a storm, and it was impossible to ascertain the time. Satan said to the Jews: Where is your teacher Moses? They said to him: He ascended on High. He said to them: Six hours have arrived and he has not yet come. Surely he won't. And they paid him no attention. Satan said to them: Moses died. And they paid him no attention. Ultimately, he showed them an image of his death-bed and an image of Moses' corpse in a cloud. And that is what the Jewish people said to Aaron: "For this Moses, the man who

brought us up out of the land of Egypt, we know not what has become of him" (Exodus 32:1).

# D. Why would we imagine that Moshe "Ha Ish" had died?

#### 1. Shemot 19:19-

וַיְהִי**ּ קָוֹל הַשּׁפָּר** הוֹלֵך וְחָזֵק מְאָד מֹשֶׁה יְדַבָּר **וְהָאֱלֹהִים יַעָנָנּוּ בְקָוֹל:** The blare of the horn grew louder and louder. As Moses spoke, God answered him in with a "kol"

#### 2. Devarim 4:12

וַיְדַבְּר ה אֲלֵיכֶם מִתּוֹך הָאֲשׁ **קוֹל דְבָרִים** אַתֶּם שֹׁמְעִים וּתְמוּנֶה אֵינֶכֶם רֹאִים **זוּלָתִי קוֹל:** spoke to you out of the fire; you heard the sound of words but perceived no shape—nothing but a voice.

## E. KOL

Rav Moshe Shapiro - Nitzavim VaYelech 5754

Kol= neshama Dibur = ruach Machshava- Dibur- Maaseh The Ma;ach that "hits" us on the mouth

# Niddah 30b

ונר דלוק לו על ראשו וצופה ומביט מסוף העולם ועד סופו שנאמר (איוב כט, ג) בהלו נרו עלי ראשי לאורו אלך חשך ואל תתמה שהרי אדם ישן כאן ורואה חלום באספמיא

And a candle is lit for it above its head, and it gazes from one end of the world to the other, as it is stated: "When His lamp shined above my head, and by His light I walked through darkness" (Job 29:3). And do not wonder how one can see from one end of the world to the other, as a person can sleep here, in this location, and see a dream that takes place in a place as distant as Spain [*beAspamya*].

ואין לך ימים שאדם שרוי בטובה יותר מאותן הימים שנאמר (איוב כט, ב) מי יתנני כירחי קדם כימי אלוה ישמרני ואיזהו ימים שיש בהם ירחים ואין בהם שנים הוי אומר אלו ירחי לידה

And there are no days when a person is in a more blissful state than those days when he is a fetus in his mother's womb, as it is stated in the previous verse: "If only I were as in the

months of old, as in the days when God watched over me" (Job 29:2). And the proof that this verse is referring to gestation is as follows: Which are the days that have months but do not have years? You must say that these are the months of gestation.

ומלמדין אותו כל התורה כולה שנאמר (משלי ד ד) ויורני ויאמר לי יתמך דברי לבך שמור מצותי וחיה ואומר (איוב כט, ד) בסוד אלוה עלי אהלי

And a fetus is taught the entire Torah while in the womb, as it is stated: "And He taught me and said to me: Let your heart hold fast My words; keep My commandments, and live" (Proverbs 4:4). And it also states: "As I was in the days of my youth, when the converse of God was upon my tent" (Job 29:4).

מאי ואומר וכי תימא נביא הוא דקאמר ת"ש בסוד אלוה עלי אהלי The Gemara asks: What is the purpose of the statement: And it also states: "When the converse of God was upon my tent"? Why is it necessary to cite this verse in addition to the previously quoted verse from Proverbs? The Gemara explains: And if you would say that the verse in Proverbs is insufficient, as it is a prophet who is saying that he was taught the entire Torah in his mother's womb, but this does not apply to ordinary people, come and hear the verse in Job: "When the converse of God was upon my tent."

וכיון שבא לאויר העולם בא מלאך וסטרו על פיו ומשכחו כל התורה כולה שנאמר (בראשית ד, ז) לפתח חטאת רובץ And once the fetus emerges into the airspace of the world, an angel comes and slaps it on its mouth, causing it to forget the entire Torah, as it is stated: "Sin crouches at the entrance" (Genesis 4:7), i.e., when a person enters the world he is immediately liable to sin due to his loss of Torah knowledge.

# ועולתה תקפוץ פיה' כי תעביר ממשלת זדון מן הארץ,'

A new Kol = new Dibur Malchiyot- zichronot-

וכך כתוב בספרי ( במדבר בהעלותך פיסקא עז ) אם כן מה ראו חכמים לומר מלכיות תחילה ואחר כך זכרונות ושופרות אלא המליכהו עליך תחילה ואחר כך בקש מלפניו רחמים כדי שתזכר לו ובמה בשופר של חירות ואין שופר אלא של חירות שנאמ'

(ישעיה כז יג) והיה ביום ההוא יתקע בשופר גדול ובאו האובדים בארץ אשור והנדחים ב ארץ מצרים)

# 3. Tehillim 89:16

ַאַשְׁרֵי הֻעָם יֹדְעֵי תְרוּעָה -ה הְאוֹר־פָּגָיך יְהַלֵּכְוּן

Happy is the people who know the joyful shout; O LORD, they walk in the light of Your presence.